



# TECHNO INDIA GROUP PUBLIC SCHOOL

Dt. 27-03-2025

## NEET Mock Test - 1 (2025)

Time Allowed: **3 hours**

Maximum Marks: **720**

### General Instructions:

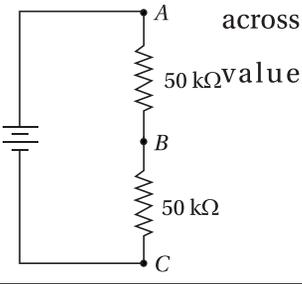
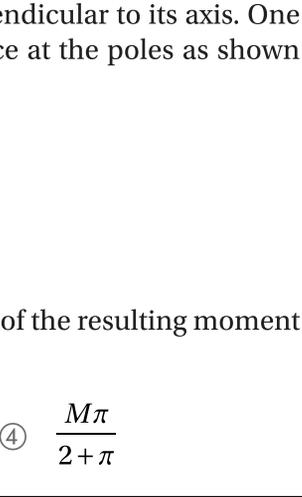
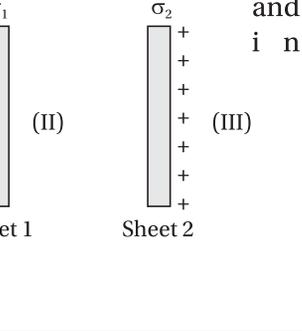
1. This test will be a 3 hours Test, Maximum Marks 720.
2. This test consists of 180 questions of Physics, Chemistry and Biology. All questions are COMPULSORY to attempt.
3. Each question is of 4 marks.
4. There are three parts in the question paper, consisting Part-I Physics (Q. No. 1 to 45), Part-II Chemistry (Q. no. 46 to 90), Part-III Biology (Q. no. 91 to 180).
5. There will be only one correct choice in the given four choices for each question. For each question 4 marks will be awarded for correct choice, 1 mark will be deducted for incorrect choice and zero mark will be awarded for unattempted question.
6. Any textual, printed or written material, mobile phones, calculator, etc. is not allowed for the students appearing for the test.
7. All calculations / written work should be done in the rough sheet provided.



## PHYSICS

1.	<p>If the dimensions of a physical quantity are given by <math>M^a L^b T^c</math>, then the physical quantity will be</p> <p>① velocity if <math>a = 1, b = 0, c = -1</math>                      ② acceleration if <math>a = 1, b = 1, c = -2</math>            ③ force if <math>a = 0, b = -1, c = -2</math>                      ④ pressure if <math>a = 1, b = -1, c = -2</math></p>
2.	<p>A bus is moving with a speed of <math>10 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math> on a straight road. A scooterist wishes to overtake the bus in 100 s. If the bus is at a distance of 1 km from the scooterist, with what speed should the scooterist chase the bus?</p> <p>① <math>40 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>                      ② <math>25 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>                      ③ <math>10 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>                      ④ <math>20 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math></p>
3.	<p>A particle starts its motion from rest under the action of a force (constant). If the distance covered in first 10 seconds is <math>S_1</math> and that covered in the first 20 seconds is <math>S_2</math>, then</p> <p>① <math>S_2 = 3S_1</math>                      ② <math>S_2 = 4S_1</math>                      ③ <math>S_2 = S_1</math>                      ④ <math>S_2 = 2S_1</math></p>
4.	<p>A body, under the action of a force <math>\vec{F} = 6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 10\hat{k}</math>, acquires an acceleration of <math>1 \text{ m/s}^2</math>. The mass of the body must be</p> <p>① 10 kg                      ② 20 kg                      ③ <math>10\sqrt{2}</math> kg                      ④ <math>2\sqrt{10}</math> kg</p>
5.	<p>The mass of a lift is 2000 kg. When the tension in the supporting cable is 28000 N, then its acceleration is</p> <p>① <math>4 \text{ ms}^{-2}</math> upwards                      ② <math>4 \text{ ms}^{-2}</math> downwards                      ③ <math>14 \text{ ms}^{-2}</math> upwards                      ④ <math>30 \text{ ms}^{-2}</math> downwards</p>
6.	<p>An engine pumps water continuously through a hose. Water leaves the hose with a velocity <math>v</math> and <math>m</math> is the mass per unit length of the water jet. What is the rate at which kinetic energy is imparted to water?</p> <p>① <math>mv^3</math>                      ② <math>\frac{1}{2}mv^2</math>                      ③ <math>\frac{1}{2}m^2v^2</math>                      ④ <math>\frac{1}{2}mv^3</math></p>
7.	<p>An explosion blows a rock into three parts. Two parts go off at right angles to each other. These two are 1 kg first part moving with a velocity of <math>12 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math> and 2 kg second part moving with a velocity <math>8 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>. If the third part flies off with a velocity of <math>4 \text{ ms}^{-1}</math>, its mass would be</p> <p>① 7 kg                      ② 17 kg                      ③ 3 kg                      ④ 5 kg</p>
8.	<p>A body of mass 1 kg is thrown upwards with a velocity 20 m/s. It momentarily comes to rest after attaining a height of 18 m. How much energy is lost due to air friction? (<math>g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}</math>)</p> <p>① 30 J                      ② 40 J                      ③ 10 J                      ④ 20 J</p>
9.	<p>A block of mass <math>M</math> is attached to the lower end of a vertical spring. The spring is hung from a ceiling and has force constant value <math>k</math>. The mass is released from rest with the spring initially unstretched. The maximum extension produced in the length of the spring will be</p> <p>① <math>2Mg/k</math>                      ② <math>4Mg/k</math>                      ③ <math>Mg/2k</math>                      ④ <math>Mg/k</math></p>
10.	<p>A thin circular ring of mass <math>M</math> and radius <math>R</math> is rotating in a horizontal plane about an axis vertical to its plane with a constant angular velocity <math>\omega</math>. If two objects each of mass <math>m</math> be attached gently to the opposite ends of a diameter of the ring, the ring will then rotate with an angular velocity</p> <p>① <math>\frac{\omega M}{M+2m}</math>                      ② <math>\frac{\omega(M+2m)}{M}</math>                      ③ <math>\frac{\omega M}{M+m}</math>                      ④ <math>\frac{\omega(M-2m)}{M+2m}</math></p>

11.	A circular disc rolls down an inclined plane. The ratio of rotational kinetic energy to total kinetic energy is ① $1/2$ ② $1/3$ ③ $2/3$ ④ $3/4$
12.	The escape velocity of 10 g body from the earth is $11.2 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ . Ignoring the air resistance, the escape velocity of 10 kg of the iron ball from the earth will be ① $0.0012 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ② $0.112 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ③ $11.2 \text{ km s}^{-1}$ ④ $0.56 \text{ km s}^{-1}$
13.	A metallic rod of length $l$ and cross-sectional area $A$ is made of a material of Young modulus $Y$ . If the rod is elongated by an amount $y$ , then the work done is proportional to ① $y$ ② $1/y$ ③ $y^2$ ④ $1/y^2$
14.	The radius of the rear wheel of bicycles is twice that of the front wheel. When the bicycle is moving, the angular speed of the rear wheel compared to that of the front is ① greater                      ② smaller                      ③ same                      ④ exact double
15.	A small spherical ball falling through a viscous medium of negligible density has terminal velocity $v$ . Another ball of the same mass but of radius twice that of the earlier falling through the same viscous medium will have terminal velocity ① $v$ ② $v/4$ ③ $v/2$ ④ $2v$
16.	The excess pressure inside a spherical drop of water is four times that of another drop. Then their respective mass ratio is ① $1 : 16$ ② $8 : 1$ ③ $1 : 4$ ④ $1 : 64$
17.	In a capillary rise experiment, the water level rises to a height of 5 cm. If the same capillary tube is placed in water such that only 3 cm of the tube projects outside the water level then ① water will begin to overflow through the capillary ② angle of contact decreases ③ angle of contact increase ④ the meniscus completely vanishes
18.	A diatomic gas is heated at constant pressure. What fraction of the heat energy is used to increase the internal energy? ① $3/5$ ② $3/7$ ③ $5/7$ ④ $5/9$
19.	The tungsten filament of an electric lamp has a surface area $A$ and a power rating $P$ . If the emissivity of the filament is $\epsilon$ and $\sigma$ is Stefan's constant, the steady temperature of the filament will be $T =$ ① $\left(\frac{P}{A\epsilon\sigma}\right)^4$ ② $\left(\frac{P}{A\epsilon\sigma}\right)$ ③ $\left(\frac{A\epsilon\sigma}{P}\right)^{1/4}$ ④ $\left(\frac{P}{A\epsilon\sigma}\right)^{1/4}$
20.	For free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition, its temperature ① decrease                      ② increase ③ does not change                      ④ depends upon the nature of gas
21.	An electric current passes through a long straight wire. At a distance 5 cm from the wire, the magnetic field is $B$ . The field at 20 cm from the wire, the magnetic field is $B'$ . The field at 20 cm from the wire will be ① $2B$ ② $B/4$ ③ $B/2$ ④ $B$

22.	Two similar heater coils separately take 10 minutes to boil a certain amount of water. If both coils are connected in series, time taken to boil the same amount of water will be	
<p>① 15 minutes      ② 20 minutes      ③ 7.5 minutes      ④ 25 minutes</p>		
23.	In a potentiometer of one metre length, an unknown emf voltage source is balanced at 60 cm length of potentiometer wire, while a 3 volt battery is balanced at 45 cm length. Then the emf of the unknown voltage source is	
<p>① 3 V      ② 2.25 V      ③ 4 V      ④ 4.5 V</p>		
24.	In the circuit shown, a voltmeter of internal resistance $R$ when connected across $B$ and $C$ , reads $\frac{100}{3}$ Volts. Neglecting the internal resistance of the cell, the value of $R$ is	
<p>① 100 kΩ      ② 75 kΩ ③ 50 kΩ      ④ 25 kΩ</p>		
25.	A magnet of length $L$ and moment $M$ is cut into two halves ( $A$ and $B$ ) perpendicular to its axis. One piece $A$ is bent into a semi-circle of radius $r$ and is joined to the other piece at the poles as shown in the figure below.	
<p>Assuming that the magnet is in the form of a thin wire initially, the moment of the resulting magnet is given by</p>		
<p>① <math>\frac{M}{2\pi}</math>      ② <math>\frac{M}{\pi}</math>      ③ <math>\frac{M(2+\pi)}{2\pi}</math>      ④ <math>\frac{M\pi}{2+\pi}</math></p>		
26.	Two parallel plane sheets 1 and 2 carry uniform charge densities $\sigma_1$ and $\sigma_2$ as shown in the figure. The magnitude of the resultant electric field in the region marked 1 is ( $\sigma_1 > \sigma_2$ )	
<p>① <math>\frac{\sigma_1}{2\epsilon_0}</math>      ② <math>\frac{\sigma_2}{2\epsilon_0}</math> ③ <math>\frac{\sigma_1 + \sigma_2}{2\epsilon_0}</math>      ④ <math>\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2}{2\epsilon_0}</math></p>		
27.	A parallel plate capacitor with air as dielectric is charged to a potential $V$ using a battery. Removing the battery, the charged capacitor is then connected across an identical uncharged parallel plate capacitor filled with wax of dielectric constant $k$ . The common potential of both the capacitors is	
<p>① <math>V</math> volts      ② <math>kV</math> volts      ③ <math>(k+1)V</math> volts      ④ <math>\frac{V}{k+1}</math> volt</p>		

28.	In Millikan's oil drop experiment, a charged oil of mass $3.2 \times 10^{-14}$ kg is held stationary between two parallel plates 6 mm apart, by applying a potential difference of 1200 V between them. How many electrons does the oil drop carry? ( $g = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ ) ① 7                      ② 8                      ③ 9                      ④ 10
29.	A charged particle with velocity $\vec{v} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j}$ moves in a magnetic field $\vec{B} = y\hat{i} + x\hat{j}$ . Magnitude of the force acting on the particle is $F$ . The correct option for $F$ is ① No force will act on particle if $x = y$ ② Force will act along $y$ axis if $y < x$ ③ Force is proportional to $(x^2y^2)$ if $y > x$ ④ Force is proportional to $(x^2 + y^2)$ if $y > x$
30.	A bar magnet of 10 cm long is kept with its N-pole pointing north. A neutral point is formed at a distance of 15 cm from each pole. Given the horizontal component of earth's field is 0.4 Gauss. The pole strength of the magnet is ① 9 amps-m                      ② 6.75 amps-m                      ③ 27 amps-m                      ④ 13.5 amps-m
31.	A water molecule has an electric dipole moment $6.4 \times 10^{-30}$ cm when it is in vapour state. The distance in metre between the centre of positive and negative charge of the molecule is ① $4 \times 10^{-10}$ m                      ② $4 \times 10^{-11}$ m                      ③ $4 \times 10^{-12}$ m                      ④ $4 \times 10^{-13}$ m
32.	The gyro magnetic ratio of an electron of charge $e$ and mass $m$ is equal to ① $\frac{e^2}{2m}$ ② $\frac{e^2}{2m^2}$ ③ $\frac{e}{4m}$ ④ $\frac{e}{2m}$
33.	A progressive wave $y = A\sin(kx - \omega t)$ is reflected by a rigid wall at $x = 0$ . Then the reflected wave can be represented by ① $y = A\sin(kx + \omega t)$ ② $y = A\cos(kx + \omega t)$ ③ $y = -A\sin(kx - \omega t)$ ④ $y = -A\sin(kx + \omega t)$
34.	When a wave travels in a medium, the wave equation is given by $y = a\sin 2\pi(bt - cx)$ , where $a$ , $b$ and $c$ are constants. The maximum particle velocity will be twice the wave velocity if ① $c = \frac{1}{\pi a}$ ② $c = \pi a$ ③ $b = ac$ ④ $b = \frac{1}{ac}$
35.	An observer is approaching a stationary source with a velocity $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the velocity of sound. Then the ratio of the apparent frequency to actual frequency of source is ① 4 : 5                      ② 5 : 4                      ③ 2 : 3                      ④ 3 : 2
36.	The value equal to the velocity of light in vacuum is ① $\frac{\sqrt{\mu_0}}{\epsilon_0}$ ② $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu_0\epsilon_0}}$ ③ $\sqrt{\mu_0\epsilon_0}$ ④ $\frac{\mu_0}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0}}$
37.	The net magnetic flux through any closed surface, kept in a magnetic field is ① Zero                      ② $\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}$ ③ $4\pi\mu_0$ ④ $\frac{4\mu_0}{\pi}$
38.	The least angle of deviation for a glass prism is equal to its refracting angle. The refractive index of glass is 1.5. Then the angle of prism is ① $2\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$ ② $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$ ③ $2\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$ ④ $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$

39.	The critical angle of the medium with respect to vacuum is $30^\circ$ . If the velocity of light in vacuum is $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}^{-1}$ , the velocity of light in medium is ① $2 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ ② $1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ ③ $3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ ④ $\sqrt{2} \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
40.	On introducing a thin film in the path of one of the two interfering beam, the central fringe will shift by one fringe width. If $\mu = 1.5$ , the thickness of the film is (wave length of monochromatic light is $\lambda$ ) ① $4\lambda$ ② $3\lambda$ ③ $2\lambda$ ④ $\lambda$
41.	In nuclear decay, the activity $R_1$ is at time $T_1$ , and activity $R_2$ at time $T_2$ . If $T$ is the half life time, then number of nucleus decayed during $(T_2 - T_1)$ time is proportional to ① $R_1T_1 - R_2T_2$ ② $R_1T_1 + R_2T_2$ ③ $(R_1 + R_2)T$ ④ $(R_1 - R_2)T$

### ■ Assertion Reason based Questions:

**Directions:** Read the following questions and choose any one of the following four responses.

A: Assertion and Reason both are correct and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.

B: Assertion and Reason both are correct and Reason is not the correct explanation of Assertion.

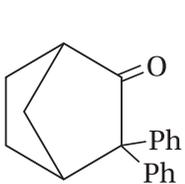
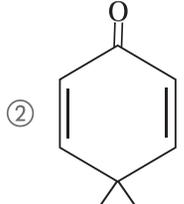
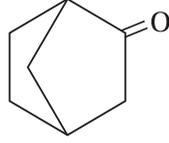
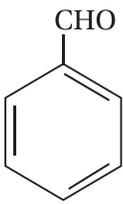
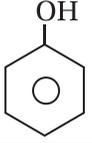
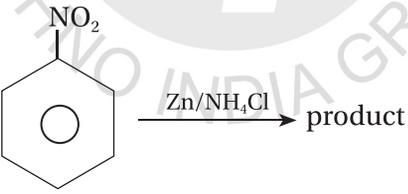
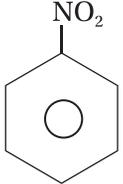
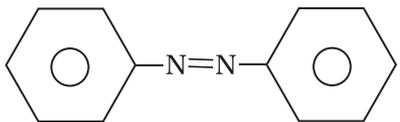
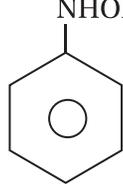
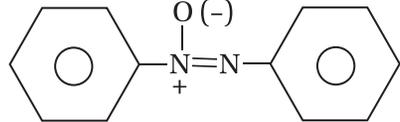
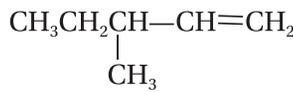
C: Assertion is correct but Reason is wrong.

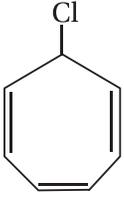
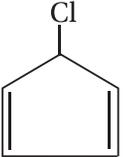
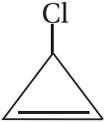
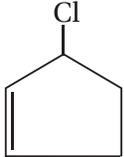
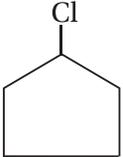
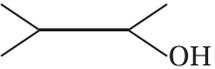
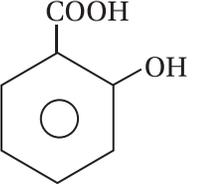
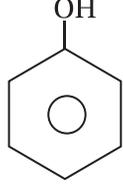
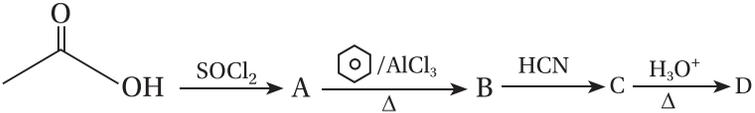
D: Assertion is wrong but Reason is correct.

42.	<b>Assertion:</b> The energy gap between the valence band and conduction band is greater in silicon than in germanium. <b>Reason:</b> Thermal energy produces fewer minority carriers in silicon than in germanium. ① A      ② B      ③ C      ④ D
43.	<b>Assertion:</b> The value of current through $p$ - $n$ junction shown below will be 10 mA.  <b>Reason:</b> In the above figure, the $p$ -side is at higher potential than $n$ -side. ① A      ② B      ③ C      ④ D
44.	<b>Assertion:</b> The photoelectrons produced by a monochromatic light beam incident on a metal surface, have their kinetic energy. <b>Reason:</b> The work function of the metal varies as a function of depth from the surface. ① A      ② B      ③ C      ④ D
45.	<b>Assertion:</b> In an hydrogen atom the force acting on the electron is proportional to $n^{-4}$ . ( $n$ is the principal quantum number) <b>Reason:</b> As $F = \frac{mv_n^2}{r_n}$ where $v_n \propto \frac{1}{n}$ and $r_n \propto n^2$ ① A      ② B      ③ C      ④ D

**CHEMISTRY**

46.	Hybridisation and shape of $\text{XeOF}_4$ are ① $\text{sp}^3\text{d}^3$ and pentagonal bipyramidal ② $\text{sp}^3\text{d}^2$ and square pyramidal ③ $\text{sp}^3\text{d}$ and Trigonal bipyramidal ④ $\text{sp}^3\text{d}^3$ and Distorted octahedral
47.	Producer gas is mixture of ① CO and $\text{H}_2$ ② CO and $\text{N}_2$ ③ CO and $\text{CO}_2$ ④ $\text{N}_2$ and $\text{H}_2$
48.	Oxidation state of sulphur in Caro's acid is ① +4 ② +5 ③ +6 ④ +8
49.	Thermal decomposition of $\text{NH}_4\text{NO}_3$ will produce ① $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ② NO ③ $\text{N}_2$ ④ $\text{NH}_3$
50.	For a reversible reaction, $\text{A (g)} \rightleftharpoons 2\text{B (g)}$ , if volume of the container is halved, then equilibrium constant will ① Becomes 2 times ② Becomes 4 times ③ Becomes 1/2 ④ Remain same
51.	If equilibrium constants of reactions $\text{A} \rightleftharpoons \text{B}$ and $\text{C} \rightleftharpoons \text{D}$ are $k_1$ and $k_2$ respectively, then the equilibrium constant for the reaction $\text{D} + \text{B} \rightleftharpoons \text{A} + \text{C}$ will be ① $\frac{1}{k_1 + k_2}$ ② $\frac{1}{k_1 \cdot k_2}$ ③ $\frac{k_1}{k_2}$ ④ $k_1 \cdot k_2$
52.	Incorrect statement among the following is ① Thermal stability of calcium carbonate is more than magnesium carbonate ② Beryllium nitrate on heating gives $\text{O}_2$ and $\text{NO}_2$ gases. ③ BeO is an amphoteric oxide. ④ $\text{MgSO}_4$ is insoluble in water.
53.	Oxide of Nitrogen which is blue solid and is acidic in nature is ① $\text{N}_2\text{O}$ ② $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$ ③ $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$ ④ $\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$
54.	Complex formed in brown ring test for nitrates is ① $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{NO})]^{2+}$ ② $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5(\text{NO})]^{3+}$ ③ $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4(\text{NO})_2]^+$ ④ $[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$
55.	The molar ratio of $\text{H}_2$ and $\text{O}_2$ gases in a mixture which contains these two gases in mass ratio of 1 : 4 will be ① 16 : 1 ② 4 : 1 ③ 1 : 8 ④ 2 : 1
56.	What weight of 70% (w/w) $\text{HNO}_3$ is required to prepare of 2 molar aqueous $\text{HNO}_3$ ? ① 22.5 g ② 45 g ③ 90 g ④ 180 g
57.	Correct order of negative electron gain enthalpy of the given elements is ① $\text{Cl} < \text{F} < \text{O} < \text{S}$ ② $\text{O} < \text{S} < \text{F} < \text{Cl}$ ③ $\text{F} < \text{S} < \text{O} < \text{Cl}$ ④ $\text{S} < \text{O} < \text{Cl} < \text{F}$
58.	Which of the following species has only $\pi$ bonds according to MOT? ① $\text{C}_2$ ② $\text{N}_2$ ③ $\text{O}_2$ ④ $\text{F}_2$
59.	Homolytic fission of C—C bond in ethane gives an intermediate in which carbon is ① $\text{sp}^3$ —hybridised ② $\text{sp}^2$ —hybridised ③ $\text{sp}$ —hybridised ④ $\text{sp}^2\text{d}$ —hybridised

60.	<p>Which among the following will show keto-enol tautomerism?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>① </p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>② </p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>③ </p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>④ </p> </div> </div>
61.	<p>Acetaldehyde and acetone can be distinguished by</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>① Iodoform test</p> <p>③ Fehling's solution test</p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>② Nitroprusside test</p> <p>④ Any of these</p> </div> </div>
62.	<p>Under identical condition of temperature and pressure, which among the following gases has lowest density?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 22%;">① CH<sub>4</sub></div> <div style="width: 22%;">② He</div> <div style="width: 22%;">③ N<sub>2</sub></div> <div style="width: 22%;">④ CO<sub>2</sub></div> </div>
63.	<p>CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Br + NaCN → CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CN + NaBr</p> <p>The above reaction will occur at fastest rate in</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 22%;">① Ethanol</div> <div style="width: 22%;">② Water</div> <div style="width: 22%;">③ Methanol</div> <div style="width: 22%;">④ DMF</div> </div>
64.	<p>Which of the following is most difficult to protonate?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 22%;">① H<sub>2</sub>O</div> <div style="width: 22%;">② CH<sub>3</sub>OH</div> <div style="width: 22%;">③ (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O</div> <div style="width: 22%;">④ </div> </div>
65.	<p>The product of the following reaction is</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin: 10px 0;">  </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>① </p> <p>③ </p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>② </p> <p>④ </p> </div> </div>
66.	<p>Least reactive alkene towards dilute HCl will be</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>① CH<sub>2</sub>=CH<sub>2</sub></p> <p>③ CH<sub>3</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH=CH<sub>2</sub></p> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <p>② CH<sub>3</sub>CH=CH<sub>2</sub></p> <p>④ </p> </div> </div>

67.	<p>The correct order of stability of the given carbocation will be</p> <p>I. <math>\text{NH}_2\text{—CH}_2\text{—C}^+\text{H}_2</math>            II. <math>\text{CH}_3\text{—O—C}^+\text{H}_2</math>            III. <math>\text{NO}_2\text{—C}^+\text{H}_2</math></p> <p>① III &gt; I &gt; II      ② I &gt; II &gt; III      ③ II &gt; I &gt; III      ④ II &gt; III &gt; I</p>
68.	<p>The correct order of reactivity of the given chlorides towards <math>\text{S}_\text{N}1</math> reaction is</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  (I)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (II)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (III)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (IV)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (V)         </div> </div> <p>① I &gt; III &gt; IV &gt; V &gt; II      ② I &gt; II &gt; IV &gt; III &gt; V          ③ V &gt; IV &gt; III &gt; II &gt; I      ④ II &gt; I &gt; III &gt; IV &gt; V</p>
69.	<p>Which compound on reaction with copper at 573 K forms ketone as major product?</p> <p>①       ② <math>\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH}</math>          ③ <math>\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}</math>      ④ None of these</p>
70.	<p>Correct order of acidic strength of the given compound is</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  (a)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (b)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (c)         </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (d)         </div> </div> <p>① a &gt; b &gt; c &gt; d      ② c &gt; d &gt; a &gt; b      ③ b &gt; a &gt; c &gt; d      ④ b &gt; a &gt; d &gt; c</p>
71.	<p>Pick out the correct statement with respect to <math>[\text{Mn}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}</math></p> <p>① It is <math>\text{sp}^3\text{d}^2</math> hybridised and octahedral      ② It is <math>\text{sp}^3\text{d}^2</math> hybridised and tetrahedral          ③ It is <math>\text{d}^2\text{sp}^3</math> hybridised and octahedral      ④ It is <math>\text{dsp}^2</math> hybridised and square planar</p>
72.	<p>  </p> <p>D is a/an</p> <p>① Hemiacetal      ② Ester      ③ Ether      ④ <math>\alpha</math>-hydroxy acid</p>
73.	<p>Mass in grams of copper deposited by passing 9.6487 A current through a voltmeter containing copper sulphate solution for 100 seconds is (Given mass of <math>\text{Cu} = 63 \text{ g}(\text{mol})^{-1}</math>, <math>1 \text{ F} = 96487 \text{ C}</math>)</p> <p>① 3.15 g      ② 0.315 g      ③ 31.5 g      ④ 0.0315 g</p>



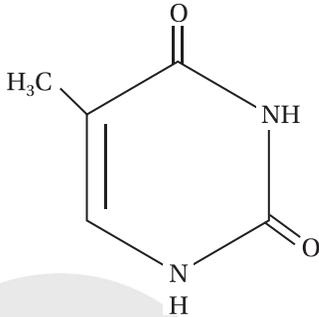
81.	<p>Arrange the following complexes in correct order of crystal field splitting energy  <math>[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O}_6)]^{2+}</math>, <math>[\text{FeCl}_6]^{-4}</math>, <math>[\text{Fe}(\text{H}_2\text{O}_6)]^{3+}</math>            (I)                      (II)                      (III)</p> <p>① III &gt; I &gt; II                      ② I &gt; II &gt; III                      ③ III &gt; II &gt; I                      ④ II &gt; I &gt; III</p>
82.	<p>A gas is allowed to expand in an insulated container against a constant external pressure of 5 atm from an initial volume of 1.75 L to a final volume of 6.75 L. The change in internal energy (<math>\Delta U</math>) of the gas will be</p> <p>① -2.5 kJ                      ② -4.5 kJ                      ③ -1.25 kJ                      ④ -3.2 kJ</p>
83.	<p>pH of 0.2 M aqueous solution of sodium benzoate will be (<math>pK_a</math> of benzoic acid = 4.2)</p> <p>① 9.50                      ② 8.75                      ③ 10.25                      ④ 7.50</p>
84.	<p>Which among the following is smallest in size?</p> <p>① Tm                      ② Ce                      ③ Eu                      ④ Tb</p>
85.	<p>How much time is required to decompose 18 g water electrolytically into <math>\text{H}_2</math> and <math>\text{O}_2</math> by passing 3 A current?</p> <p>① 8.93 hours                      ② 17.87 hours                      ③ 35.74 hours                      ④ 22.89 hours</p>
86.	<p>Calculate the pH of <math>\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}</math> solution, if equivalent conductance of 1 M <math>\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}</math> is <math>10 \text{ ohm}^{-1}\text{cm}^2\text{eq}^{-1}</math> and at infinite dilution is <math>200 \text{ ohm}^{-1}\text{cm}^2\text{eq}^{-1}</math> (Given : <math>\log 5 = 0.7</math>)</p> <p>① 2.7                      ② 1.3                      ③ 1.7                      ④ 3</p>
87.	<p>Percentage ionization of <math>\text{K}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]</math> whose decimolar solution shows an osmotic pressure of 3.94 atm at 300 K is</p> <p>① 50%                      ② 35%                      ③ 20%                      ④ 10%</p>
88.	<p>The electronegativity difference between N and F is greater than that between N and H yet the dipole moment of <math>\text{NH}_3</math> (1.5 D) is larger than that of <math>\text{NF}_3</math> (0.2 D). This is because</p> <p>① in <math>\text{NH}_3</math> as well as in <math>\text{NF}_3</math>, the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the same direction            ② in <math>\text{NH}_3</math>, the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the same direction whereas in <math>\text{NF}_3</math> these are in opposite directions            ③ in <math>\text{NH}_3</math> as well as <math>\text{NF}_3</math>, the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in opposite directions            ④ in <math>\text{NH}_3</math> the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the opposite directions whereas in <math>\text{NF}_3</math> these are in the same directions</p>
89.	<p>Solubility of AgI in presence of 0.2 M NaI solution will be (<math>K_{sp}</math> of AgI = <math>8.3 \times 10^{-17}</math>)</p> <p>① <math>8.3 \times 10^{-16}</math> M                      ② <math>4.15 \times 10^{-17}</math> M            ③ <math>4.15 \times 10^{-16}</math> M                      ④ <math>8.3 \times 10^{-17}</math> M</p>
90.	<p>How much charge is present on 3 grams of <math>\text{CO}_3^{2-}</math> ions?</p> <p>① 600 C                      ② 9650 C                      ③ 96 C                      ④ 1000 C</p>

**BIOLOGY****Botany**

91.	Which of the following statements with regards to photosynthesis is/are correct? I. In $C_4$ plants, the primary $CO_2$ acceptor is PEP. II. In the photosynthetic process, PS-II absorbs energy at or just below 680 nm. III. The pigment present in PS-I is $P_{683}$ .
	① II and III                      ② Only I                      ③ I and III                      ④ I & II
92.	The linking of antibiotic resistance gene with the plasmid vector became possible with:
	① DNA ligase                      ② Endonuclease                      ③ DNA polymerase                      ④ Exonuclease
93.	Given below are two statements, one is labelled as <b>Assertion (A)</b> and the other is labelled as <b>Reason (R)</b> . Choose the correct option: <b>Assertion (A):</b> <i>Chlorella</i> could serve as a potential source of food and energy. <b>Reason (R):</b> When dried, <i>Chlorella</i> has 15% protein, 45% fat, 10% carbohydrate, 20% fibre and 10% minerals and vitamins.
	① Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A. ② Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A. ③ A is correct but R is not correct ④ A is not correct but R is correct
94.	Sickle cell anaemia has not been eliminated from the African population because it
	① is controlled by recessive genes                      ② is not a fatal disease ③ provides immunity against malaria                      ④ is controlled by dominant genes
95.	The thickness of ozone in a column of air in the atmosphere is measured in terms of:
	① Dobson units                      ② Decibels                      ③ Decameter                      ④ Kilobase
96.	A plant hormone used for inducing morphogenesis in plant tissue culture is _____
	① ethylene                      ② gibberellin                      ③ cytokinin                      ④ abscisic acid
97.	In nature, cleistogamous flowers are
	① self-pollinated                      ② insect pollinated                      ③ wind-pollinated                      ④ bird pollinated
98.	Frequency of recombination between gene pairs on some chromosome, as a measure of the distance between genes to map their positions on chromosome, was used for the first time by
	① T.H. Morgan                      ② Sutton and Boveri                      ③ Alfred Sturtevant                      ④ Henking
99.	The phragmoplast is organised at the
	① beginning of anaphase                      ② end of anaphase ③ beginning of telophase                      ④ end of telophase
100.	During transcription, RNA polymerase holoenzyme binds to a gene promoter and assumes a saddle-like structure. What is its DNA-binding sequence?
	① TTAA                      ② AATT                      ③ CACC                      ④ TATA



112.	<p>Given below are two statements, one is labelled as <b>Assertion (A)</b> and the other is labelled as <b>Reason (R)</b>. Choose the correct option:</p> <p><b>Assertion(A):</b> Two turns of Kreb's cycle occurs per glucose molecule used.</p> <p><b>Reason (R):</b> Each turns of Kreb's cycle produces 3NADH, 1FADH<sub>2</sub> and 1ATP molecule.</p> <p>① Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A.          ② Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct explanation of A.          ③ A is correct but R is not correct          ④ A is not correct but R is correct</p>
113.	<p>Consider the following statement about food chains—</p> <p>I. Removal of 80% tigers from an area resulted in greatly increased growth of vegetation.          II. Removal of most of the carnivores resulted in an increased population of deers.          III. The length of food chain is generally limited to 3–4.          IV. The length of food chains may vary from 2–8 trophic levels.</p> <p>Which two of the given statements are correct?</p> <p>① II &amp; III                      ② III &amp; IV                      ③ I &amp; IV                      ④ I and II</p>
114.	<p>In meiosis-I, a bivalent is an association of—</p> <p>① four chromatids and four centromeres                      ② two chromatids and two centromeres          ③ two chromatids and one centromere                      ④ four chromatids and two centromeres</p>
115.	<p>All enzymes of the TCA cycle are located in the mitochondrial matrix, except one, which is located in the inner mitochondrial membranes in eukaryotes and cytosol in prokaryotes. This enzyme is</p> <p>① lactate dehydrogenase                      ② isocitrate dehydrogenase          ③ malate dehydrogenase                      ④ succinate dehydrogenase</p>
116.	<p>The distance between the genes on the chromosomes is measured by using</p> <p>① Pleiotropy                      ② Allele frequency          ③ Codominance                      ④ Recombination frequency</p>
117.	<p>Restriction enzymes are used to cut</p> <p>① single stranded RNA                      ② double stranded DNA          ③ single stranded DNA                      ④ double stranded RNA</p>
118.	<p>In C<sub>4</sub> plants, the bundle sheath cells</p> <p>① have thin walls to facilitate gaseous exchange          ② have large intercellular spaces          ③ are rich in PEP carboxylase          ④ have a high density of chloroplasts</p>
119.	<p>During the purification process for recombinant DNA technology, addition of chilled ethanol precipitates out</p> <p>① RNA                      ② Histones                      ③ Polysaccharides                      ④ DNA</p>

120.	Which element plays a vital role in splitting of water to liberate oxygen during photosynthesis? ① Copper                      ② Chlorine                      ③ Manganese                      ④ Magnesium																								
121.	One of the commonly used plant growth hormone in tea plantation is ① IAA                      ② Ethylene                      ③ Zeatin                      ④ ABA																								
122.	During DNA replication, Okazaki fragments are formed in the direction: ① 3' → 3'                      ② 5 → 3'                      ③ 3' → 5'                      ④ 5' → 5'																								
123.	Which nitrogen base is this? <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> ① Adenine                      ② Thymine                      ③ Uracil                      ④ Cytosine																								
124.	'Kyoto protocol' is a multinational international treaty for ① conservation of biodiversity                      ② management of hazardous wastes ③ controlling ozone depleting substances                      ④ phasing out green house gases																								
125.	In which of the following features, Cycas resembles with angiosperms? ① Presence of vessels                      ② Circinate venation ③ Pollen tube is the carrier of male gametes                      ④ Dichotomously branched leaves																								
126.	Identify the correct statements: Suckers are I. formed from the internode of underground stem II. formed from the node of underground stem III. roots, which are formed from upper portion of nodes IV. roots, which are formed from lower portion of nodes Codes ① I, II and III                      ② I and II                      ③ II and IV                      ④ I and III																								
127.	Match the following columns: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Column I</th> <th colspan="2">Column II</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A.</td> <td>Endodermis</td> <td>1.</td> <td>Companion cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B.</td> <td>Stomata</td> <td>2.</td> <td>Lenticels</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C.</td> <td>Sieve tubes</td> <td>3.</td> <td>Palisade cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D.</td> <td>Periderm</td> <td>4.</td> <td>Passage cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E.</td> <td>Mesophyll</td> <td>5.</td> <td>Accessory cells</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Column I		Column II		A.	Endodermis	1.	Companion cells	B.	Stomata	2.	Lenticels	C.	Sieve tubes	3.	Palisade cells	D.	Periderm	4.	Passage cells	E.	Mesophyll	5.	Accessory cells
Column I		Column II																							
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E.	Mesophyll	5.	Accessory cells																						

**Codes**

	A	B	C	D	E
①	4	5	2	1	3
②	5	3	1	2	4
③	4	5	1	2	3
④	2	5	3	4	1

128. Match List I with List II.

List I		List II	
A.	$G_1$ - phase	1.	Replication of DNA
B.	S - phase	2.	Quiescent stage
C.	$G_2$ - phase	3.	Condensation of chromatin
D.	$G_0$ - phase	4.	Protein synthesis
		5.	Interval between mitosis and initiation of DNA replication

**Codes**

	A	B	C	D
①	3	5	1	2
②	5	4	1	3
③	5	1	4	2
④	5	2	3	4

129. How many different proteins does the ribosome consist of?

- ① 80                      ② 60                      ③ 40                      ④ 20

130. Given below are two statements:

**Statement I:** The rate of decomposition of detritus is reduced in the regions of high altitude.**Statement II:** It happens due to immobilisation of nutrients.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- ① Both Statement I and Statement II are true      ② Both Statement I and Statement II are false  
 ③ Statement I is true but Statement II is false      ④ Statement II is false but Statement I is true

131. A person is suffering from the disease phenylketonuria, which is an autosomal recessive disease. Which of these is lacking in the person?

- ① Homogentisic acid                                      ② Phenylalanine hydroxylase  
 ③ Ceruloplasmin                                        ④ Cystine

132. A small protein attached to the outer surface of the inner mitochondrial membrane and which acts as a mobile carrier for transfer of electrons between complex III and IV is—

- ① cytochrome-d      ② cytochrome-c      ③ cytochrome-b      ④ cytochrome-a

133. Pyramid of energy in an aquatic ecosystem is

- ① always upright                                      ② always inverted  
 ③ bell-shaped                                        ④ sometimes upright, sometimes inverted

134. Match the following columns:

Column I (Population Interaction)		Column II (Examples)	
A.	Mutualism	1.	Ticks on dogs
B.	Commensalism	2.	<i>Balanus</i> and <i>Chathamalus</i>
C.	Parasitism	3.	Sparrow and any seed
D.	Competition	4.	Epiphyte on a mango branch
E.	Predation	5.	Orchid, <i>Ophrys</i> and bee

**Codes**

	A	B	C	D	E
①	2	1	5	4	3
②	3	2	1	5	4
③	4	3	2	1	5
④	5	4	1	2	3

135. In recombinant DNA technique, the term 'vector' refers to
- ① donor DNA, is identified and picked up through electrophoresis.
  - ② plasmid, transfers DNA into living cell.
  - ③ collection of entire genome in the form of plasmid.
  - ④ enzyme, cuts the DNA at specific sites.

## Zoology

136. After drinking alcohol, a person walks clumsily because the alcohol affects his
- ① cerebellum
  - ② cerebrum
  - ③ medulla oblongata
  - ④ spinal cord
137. Industrial melanism, as observed in the pepper moth, proves that the
- ① true black melanic forms arose by a recurring random mutation
  - ② melanic form of the moth has no selective advantage over the lighter forms in industrial areas
  - ③ lighter form moth has no selective advantage, neither in polluted industrial areas nor in non polluted areas
  - ④ melanism is a pollution generated feature
138. Lungs do not collapse between breaths and some air always remains in the lungs which can never be expelled because
- ① there is a negative pressure inside the lungs
  - ② there is a negative intrapleural pressure pulling at the lung walls
  - ③ there is a positive intrapleural pressure
  - ④ pressure in the lungs is higher than the atmospheric pressure

139.	Name the pulmonary disease in which alveolar surface area, involved in gas exchange, is drastically reduced due to damage to the alveolar walls. ① Pleurisy                      ② Emphysema                      ③ Pneumonia                      ④ Asthma
140.	In a standard ECG, which one of the following alphabets is the correct representation of the respective activity of the human heart? ① R-repolarisation of ventricles                      ② S-start of systole ③ T-end of diastole                      ④ P-depolarisation of the atria
141.	In mammals, the opening of the post caval in the right auricle is guarded by ① Mitral valve                      ② Thebesian valve ③ Eustachian valve                      ④ Tricuspid valve
142.	Smell of urine is due to ① urochrome                      ② urinod                      ③ urea                      ④ glucose
143.	What will happen if, the stretch receptors of urinary bladder wall are totally removed? ① Urine will not collect in the bladder ② Micturition will continue ③ Urine will continue to collect normally in the bladder ④ Urine will not form
144.	The sensation of fatigue in the muscles after prolonged strenuous physical work, is caused by ① a decrease in the supply of oxygen                      ② minor wear and tear of muscle fibres ③ the depletion of glucose                      ④ the accumulation of lactic acid
145.	Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched? ① Cartilaginous joint - skull bones ② Hinge joint - Between vertebrae ③ Fibrous joint - Between phalanges ④ Gliding joint - Between zygapophysis of the successive vertebrae
146.	Which one of the following regions of the brain is incorrectly paired with its function? ① Medulla oblongata - Homeostatic control ② Cerebellum - Language comprehension ③ Corpus callosum - Communication between left and right cerebral cortices ④ Cerebrum - Calculation and contemplation
147.	The bundle of axons totally present in the CNS is called ① nerve                      ② ganglion                      ③ tract                      ④ neuron
148.	In human adult females, oxytocin — ① is secreted by anterior pituitary ② stimulates growth of mammary glands ③ stimulates pituitary to secrete vasopressin ④ causes strong uterine contractions during parturition



		Codes				
		A	B	C	D	E
	①	1	5	3	2	4
	②	3	5	1	2	4
	③	5	1	3	4	2
	④	1	3	2	5	4

158.	<p>The skin of frog does which of the following specifically?</p> <p>① gaseous exchange but not water absorption            ② absorption of water but not gaseous exchange            ③ both absorption of water and gaseous exchange            ④ excretion of harmful wastes</p>																				
159.	<p>Primates which existed 15 mya were</p> <p>I. <i>Dryopithecus</i>      II. <i>Homo habilis</i>      III. <i>Ramapithecus</i>            IV. <i>Australopithecus</i>      V. <i>Homo erectus</i>      VI. <i>Neanderthal man</i></p> <p>Choose the correct answer from the options given below:</p> <p>① I &amp; II only      ② I &amp; III only      ③ V &amp; VI only      ④ III &amp; IV only</p>																				
160	<p>Number of chromatids in each chromosome at anaphase is—</p> <p>① One in mitosis, in meiosis I and one in meiosis II            ② One in mitosis, one in meiosis I and two in meiosis II            ③ Two in mitosis, one in meiosis I and two in meiosis II            ④ Two in mitosis, one in meiosis I and two in meiosis II</p>																				
161.	<p>Hyposecretion of which hormone decreases calcium level in blood?</p> <p>① Parathormone      ② Thyroxine      ③ Melatonin      ④ GTH</p>																				
162.	<p>Select the option with the correct statements for white muscle fibres.</p> <p>I. Sarcoplasmic reticulum are abundant            II. Myoglobin content is high            III. Sarcoplasmic reticulum are moderate            IV. Aerobic muscles            V. Depends on anaerobic respiration for energy            VI. Less myoglobin content</p> <p>① I, II &amp; IV      ② I, II &amp; V      ③ II, III &amp; IV      ④ I, V &amp; VI</p>																				
163.	<p>Match List I with List II</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">List I</th> <th colspan="2">List II</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A.</td> <td>Typhoid</td> <td>1.</td> <td>Fungal disease</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B.</td> <td>Ringworm</td> <td>2.</td> <td>Vector borne disease</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C.</td> <td>Malaria</td> <td>3.</td> <td>Air borne disease</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D.</td> <td>Pneumonia</td> <td>4.</td> <td>Through contaminated water and food</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	List I		List II		A.	Typhoid	1.	Fungal disease	B.	Ringworm	2.	Vector borne disease	C.	Malaria	3.	Air borne disease	D.	Pneumonia	4.	Through contaminated water and food
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176.	Choose the incorrect statement: ① Flow of filtrate in two tubes of Henle's loop occurring in opposite directions have counter current. ② The flow of blood in the two limbs of vasa recta also occurs in a counter current pattern ③ Flow of filtrate and blood in Henle's loop and vasa recta, respectively, occur in counter current pattern ④ The counter current mechanism maintains decreasing osmolarity towards inner medullary interstitium
177.	Which one is an example of living fossil? ① Coral                      ② Ascidia                      ③ Octopus                      ④ King Crab
178.	Which hormone of the pituitary gland regulates Sertoli cells? ① LH                      ② FSH                      ③ GH                      ④ Prolactin
179.	The human liver fluke, a parasite, depends on two intermediate hosts to complete its life cycle. They are, in correct order: ① man and snail      ② snake and snail      ③ snail and fish      ④ man and fish
180.	An autoimmune neuromuscular disorder, leading to fluctuating muscle weakness and fatiguability is ① Osteoporosis      ② Gout                      ③ Myasthenia gravis      ④ Tetany



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